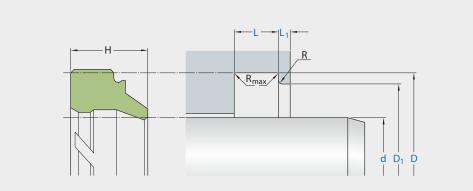


A01-A



Ordering dimensions in blue

| Surface roughness | R _{tmax} | R _a | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | |
| Sliding surface | \leq 2,5 μm | 0,05–0,3 μm | |
| Bottom of groove | ≤ 6,3 µm | ≤ 1,6 µm | |
| Groove face | ≤ 15 µm | \leq 3 μm | |
| Bearing area: $50-95\%$ and a cutting depth of 0,5 R $_z$ based on $C_{ref} = 0\%$ | | | |

| Standar d f8 over | rd dimensions | D H11 | D ₁ H11 | L +0,2 | L ₁ | R _{max} | R | Н |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| mm | | | | | | | | |
| 11 100 150 | 100 150 | d+8 d+12 d+15 | d+6 d+9 d+11 | 4 5,5 6,5 | 1 1,5 2 | 0,4 0,4 0,4 | ≤ 0,4 ≤ 0,4 ≤ 0,4 | 7 10 13 |

application









not bolded symbols; please consult our technical for application limitations

operating parameters & material

diameter range: up to 600 mm

| | | | | | 3 1 | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|--|--|
| material | temperature | max. surface speed | hydrolysis | dry running | wear resistance | | |
| ECOPUR | -30 °C +110 °C | 4 m/s | - | + | ++ | | |
| H-ECOPUR | -20 °C +110 °C | 4 m/s | ++ | + | ++ | | |
| T-ECOPUR | -50 °C +110 °C | 4 m/s | - | + | ++ | | |
| S-ECOPUR | -20 °C +110 °C | 5 m/s | ++ | ++ | ++ | | |
| G-ECOPUR | -30 °C +110 °C | 4 m/s | ++ | + | ++ | | |
| Ecorubber 1 | -30 °C +100 °C | 4 m/s | - | - | 0 | | |
| Ecorubber 2 | -20 °C +200 °C | 4 m/s | - | - | 0 | | |
| Ecorubber 3 ² | -50 °C +150 °C | 4 m/s | ++ | - | 0 | | |
| Ecorubber H | -25 °C +150 °C | 4 m/s | + | 0 | + | | |
| X-ECOPUR | -30 °C +110 °C | 4 m/s | | | | | |
| XH-ECOPUR | -20 °C +110 °C | 4 m/s | | | | | |
| XS-ECOPUR | -20 °C +110 °C | 5 m/s | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

the stated operation conditions represent general indications. it is recommended not to use all maximum values simultaneously. surface speed limits apply only to the presence of adequate lubrication film.

++ ... particularly suitable

o ... conditional suitable

+ ... suitable

- ... not suitable

R [mm] max. 0,3 max. 0,4 max. 0,6 max. 0,8

for detailed information regarding chemical resistance please refer to our "list of resistance". for increased chemical and thermal resistance rubber materials are to be preferred, polyurethan materials increase wear resistance.

surface quality

| surface roughness | Rtmax (μm) | Ra (μm) | |
|-------------------|------------------------|---------|--|
| sliding surface | according to seal data | | |
| bottom of groove | ≤6,3 | ≤1,6 | |
| groove face | ≤15 | ≤3 | |

tolerance recommendation

| seal housing tolerances | | | CS | |
|-------------------------|-----|--|----------|--|
| L < 10 mm | 0,2 | | ≤ 5 | |
| $L \ge 10 \text{ mm}$ | 0,3 | | >5≤ 7,5 | |
| D1 | H11 | | >7,5≤ 10 | |
| D | H11 | | > 10 | |

the L1 measurement, which is dependent on the height of the wiper, is selected as follows:

| H [mm] | L1 [mm] |
|--------|---------|
| ≤ 7 | 1 |
| 10 | 1,5 |
| 13 | 2 |

mode of installation

the prerequisites for perfect functioning are careful fitting and an accurately dimensioned mounting space. in general, wipers snap easily into their housings when distorted into a kidney shape (over 20mm diameter). when mounted in cylinders that cannot be dismantled, the rings can also be cut open. in such cases, an approx. 2-3% larger diameter should be chosen.

when the wiper is installed, the two ends are snapped into place first, and then the entire ring is pressed in along the entire circumference. no gluing of the joining ends is required.

² attention: not suitable for mineral oils!