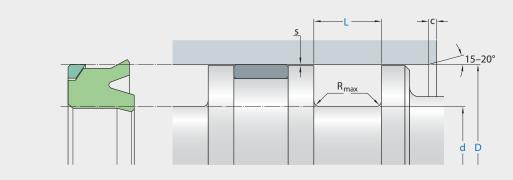


K02-RD



Standard dimensions

Ordering dimensions in blue

Surface roughness	R _{tmax}	R _a		
Sliding surface	≤ 2,5 µm	0,05–0,2 μm		
Bottom of groove	≤6,3 µm	≤ 1,6 µm		
Groove face	≤ 15 µm	≤3µm		
Bearing area: 50–95% and a cutting depth of 0,5 R $_{\rm z}$ based on $\rm C_{ref}$ = 0%				

D H9	lu uniteris	d h10	L + 0,2	R_{max}	С	S*		usion gap
over	incl.	ino	+ 0,2			20 bar	100 bar	250 bar
mm						mm		
13	25	D-8	6,0	0,4	3,5	0,80	0,80	0,52
25	50	D-10	7,0	0,4	4,0	1,00	1,00	0,66
50	75	D-12	8,0	0,4	4,5	1,25	1,20	0,72
75	150	D – 15	10,0	0,4	5,0	1,50	1,40	0,78
150	300	D – 20	12,0	0,4	6,0	2,00	1,66	0,88
300	500	D – 25	18,0	0,4	8,5	2,50	1,91	1,00
500	750	D – 30	20,0	0,4	10,0	3,00	2,18	1,13
750		D-40	26,0	0,4	13,0	3,00	2,18	1,13
					, -			, -

Maximal radial extrusion gap

application



not bolded symbols; please consult our technical for application limitations

* Extrusion gap values shown above are valid fora temperature of 70 °C, higher temperatures require lower values.

operating parameters & material

diameter range: up to 600 mm

material		tomporatura	max. surface speed		hydrolysis	drymphing	waar registan sa	
sealing element	back-up ring	temperature	max. surface speed	max. pressure ¹	nyuroiysis	dry running	wear resistance	
Ecorubber 1	Ecotal/Ecomid ²	-30 °C +100 °C	0,5 m/s	250 bar (25 MPa)	-	-	0	
Ecorubber 2	Ecoflon 2	-20 °C +200 °C	0,5 m/s	250 bar (25 MPa)	-	-	0	
Ecorubber 3 ³	Ecotal ²	-50 °C +100 °C	0,5 m/s	250 bar (25 MPa)	++	-	0	
Ecorubber 3 ³	Ecomid ²	-50 °C +100 °C	0,5 m/s	250 bar (25 MPa)	+	-	0	
Ecorubber 3 ³	Ecoflon 2	-50 °C +150 °C	0,5 m/s	250 bar (25 MPa)	++	-	0	
Ecorubber H	Ecotal/Ecomid ²	-25 °C +100 °C	0,5 m/s	250 bar (25 MPa)	+	0	+	
Ecorubber H	Ecoflon 2	-25 °C +150 °C	0,5 m/s	250 bar (25 MPa)	+	0	+	

the stated operation conditions represent general indications. it is recommended not to use all maximum values simultaneously.

surface speed limits apply only to the presence of adequate lubrication film.

¹ pressure ratings are dependent on the size of the extrusion gap.

² POM up to ø260 mm, PA above ø260 mm.

³ attention: not suitable for mineral oils!

++ ... particularly suitable

o ... conditional suitable - ... not suitable

+ ... suitable for detailed information regarding chemical resistance please refer to our "list of resistance". for increased wear resistance and higher pressure range polyurethane materials are to be preferred, attention should be paid to restrictions in chemical and thermal resistance.for higher gliding speeds another sealing system should be used (e.g. PTFE materials).

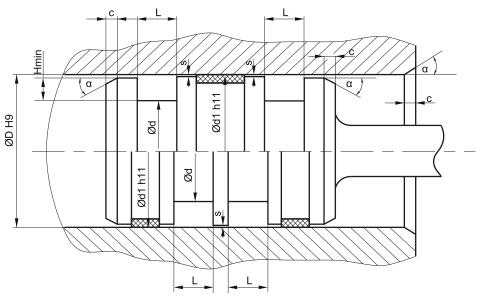
note on special material:

as the temperature limits are determined by Ecotal, using special materials for the back up ring can expand the temperature limits.

mode of installation

for inside diameters of 25 mm and more, the seal can generally be slipped over the piston and snapped into closed grooves. due to occuring de formation force at installation, assembly aid tools are to be used for large cross-sections. the material deformation should not exceed the value of 30%, otherwise the permanent deformation would be too large.

recommended mounting space:



plastic guide rings (wear bands) have to feature a adequate cutting gap (recommendation: 2-5% of D). if metalic guides are used, spiral grooves shall be provided. smaller values for Hmin will ease the installation (reduced elongation and mounting force) but the height of the retaining collar has to be sufficient to assure a stable fit in the housing (larger than cs/2, smaller retaining collars will increase the danger of eversion of the profile in case of occuring drag pressure).

in order to avoid drag pressure built up in case of back-to-back arrangement, the distance between the seals should be as small as possible.

insertion chamfer:

in order to avoid damage to the piston seal during installation, the piston and the housing is to be chamfered and rounded as shown in the "recommended mounting space" drawing. the size of chamfer depends on the seal type and profile width.

	c (mm)				
cs (mm)	$\alpha = 15^{\circ} \dots 20^{\circ}$	$\alpha = 20^{\circ} \dots 30^{\circ}$			
4	3,5	2			
5	4	2,5			
6	4,5	3			
7,5	5	4			
10	6	5			
12,5	8,5	6,5			
15	10	7,5			
20	13	10			

instead of a chamfer, the piston can also be designed with a radius. recommended size of the radius is equal to size of chamfer (R=c).